VOL. 6-NEW SERIES NO. 144.

HOUSE WASTING TIME.

FILIBUSTERING INDULGED IN.

The Bill to Purchase Temple Farm Favorably Reported...The Anti-Option Bill Continued Until To-Day.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 28 .- [Special.]-The House wasted to-day in frivolous motions in proceedings that would not be creditable to a lot of school boys. For part of the time the House was turned into a play-room, where members jested at will. At 4 o'clock the farce terminated for the

Leading senators of both parties assert emphatically that they will not consent to an adjournment until the Sundry Civil bill shall have been passed. The present delay is not worrying the Senate, as that body have work enough mapped out to last four or five days yet.

TO PURCHASE TEMPLE FARM.

Senator Daviel to-day reported favorably the bill to direct the Secretary of War to purchase Temple farm for an amount not to exceed \$70,000 and appropriating that sum for the purpose.

The section appropriating \$15,000 for the construction of a roadway from Yorktown wharf to the National cemetery, Yorktown monument and Temple farm is stricken out. The original bill appropriated \$100,-000 for the purchase, but the committee re-duced it to \$70,000.

The preamble to the bill recites that Temple farm at Yorktown was the scene of the most important event in our national history, the surrender of Cornwallis; that the terms were arranged in the Moore house that the farm, containing about five hundred acres, has been kept undivided and upon it the old Moore house stands in a good state of preservation, that the Government has erected a beautiful monument at Yorktown to commemorate the ment at Yorktown to commemorate the victory there won, and that the monument stands in an open field without suitable surroundings or approaches; that a national cametery is near; that the legislatures of Virginia, New Jersey, Maryland, Ohio and South Carolina have instructed their senators and requested their repre-sentatives to vote for the purchase, there-

Senator Daniel feels quite confident of getting the bill as modified through this Congress, though, perhaps, not until the

WASHINGTON NOTES.

The following postoffices have been established: Virginia—Groseclose, Smyth county, Marion P. Blessing postmaster. North Carolina—Alsaangh, Forsyth county, Wiley S. Reich postmaster; Bolivia, Brunswick county, John S. Cox, postmaster; Minnespolis, Mitchell county, Lula Borieson, postmaster. J. Winebarger has been appointed postmaster at Meat Camp, Watauga county, vice J. L. Moretz removed.

The House Committee on Appropriations

to-day ordered a favorable report on a bill appropriating \$50,000 for the relief of the Southern flood sufferers. The money appropriated is to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War and the Governors of the States in which it may be expended.

The Senste.

The Homestead matter was again brought to the surface in the Senate to-day. The Committee on Contingent Expenses, to whom Mr. Peffer's original resolution of in-quiry had been referred, accompanied by another resolution from Mr. Sauders (Mon.), broadening the inquiry so as to cover the Idaho troubles, reported the matter back in such shape as to include both subjects. The resolution now coming before the Senate for immediate action, Mr. Quay (Pa.) objected to its present consideration and it was iaid over until to-morrow.

A special committee of five was appointed

to investigate the Bureau of Geological Survey, Messrs, Wolcott (Col.), Carey (Wyo,), Gallinger (N. H.), Gorman (Md.) and Jones (Ark.) being named as members

of said committee.

Mr. Proctor's bill abolishing the office of post trader in the army on the termination of the present appointments was passed. Mr. Voorhees called up the Senate bill providing for the purchase, for \$75,000, the library of the late George Bancroft, the historian, including 14,900 books and manuscripts and 5,000 pamphlets of great his-torical value, collected by him as material for his history of the United States. The

bill was passed.

The House bill limiting the hours of labor of all laborers employed on Government works to eight hours per day was

THE ANTI-OPTION BILL.

At 2 o'clock, when the Anti-Option bill again came up as unfinished business, Mr. Hiscock (Rep., N. Y.) said it was evident there was not a quorum of senators present. There were many senators who were propos-ing to leave Washington either to-night or to-morrow, and he appealed to the Senator from Minnesota (Mr. Washburn) to let the il go over by unanimous consent till next

Washburn declined, and to test the sense of the Senate, moved to table Mr. Wolcott's pending motion to recommit the bill, and on this motion demanded the year

and on this motion demanded the yeas at mays. The vote was force. Allen, Allison, Bate, Blackburn, all Coke, Dubois, Felton, George, Hansburgh, Hunton, Jones (Ark.), Jones ver., Kvie, Manderson, Mitchell, Morgan, allock, Pasco, Peffer, Perkins, Pettigrew. tor, Pugh, Quay, Ransom, Stockbridge, me, Voorhees, Walthall, Warren and

Brice, Carey, Cullom, Dixon, Gibson (La.), Gibson (Md.), Hawley, Hiscock, Palmor, Sawyer, Sherman, Stewart and So the Senate refused to recommit the

Mr. Washburn said that this bill had been debuted for two weeks, it had been delayed for three weeks in the Committee on Judiciary and the people of this country were looking to see it passed at this session. The ast wheat crop had been handled at a loss of from five to six million dollars to the people of his State and if the bill was to go over till next session the next crop must the same blighting influence. he renewed his request to take a vote on e bill by unanimous consent at 4 o'clock

morrow. Mr. White objected and the debate was

bir. Paddock spoke in favor of the bill, and was supported by Mr. Turpie (Dem., Ind.), who declared his opinion that the bill was morally and legally right, and that measure was not obnoxious to the con-Mr. Carlisle (Dem., Ky.) gave notice that to morrow after routine business he should

it some remarks upon the tariff resolutions of Mr. Hale.

The Vice-President laid before the Senate House resolution to adjourn Saturday

Lext. July 30th.

The buzz of conversation immediately reased in the Senate as Mr. Allison, chairman of the Committee on Appropriations, rose. He said: "Mr. President, it is usual to refer that resolution to a committee of this body. I think under the circumstances, however, it is not necessary to make that reference at this time, as the chief in that reference at this time, as the chief im-pediment now in the way of adjournment is the passage of the Sundry Civil Appro-priation bill. When that bill has passed, I take it, the two houses can adjourn in a very brief period. But until that bill is passed it seems to me unwise to take action as to adjournment, as it will be impossible to ad-

ourn until that bill is passed These remarks were received with a subdued chorus of "That's right," proceeding rom both sides of the chamber.

The Senate resumed consideration of the regular order, the Auti-Option bill, and adopted without dissent Mr. Washburn's motion to strike out section 12, requiring a sylptarnal revenue license to be taken out by all dealers in contracts for sale of agri-

cultural products.

The question then came up on Mr. Daniel's motion to strike out the next section, upon which another long debate was started, in the midst of which Mr. Allison again took the floor, and said, after consultation with the Committee on Appropriations, he had reconsidered the action he desired taken on the adjournment resolution and asked that it be referred to his committee. It was so ordered.
The Senate then adjourned, no quorum

being present. House of Representatives.

Hon. E. L. Anthony (Texas) was sworn in this morning as the successor of Mr. Mills. Mr. Wheeler (Dem., Ala.) rose to a quesar. Wheeler (Dem. Ala.) loss to a destion of personal privilege, stating that the gentleman from Georgia (Mr. Watson) had attacked him (Mr. Wheeler) vestorday. He proceeded to read from the Record.

The Speaker could see no abuse of parliamentary privilege and ruled Mr. Wheeler

out of order.

Mr. McMillin (Dem., Tenn.) called up the rosolution from the Committee on Ways and disconnect on July 4th. Means for final adjournment on July 4th. and submitted an amendment substituting

July 80th for the adjournment.

Mr. Hatch (Dem., Mo.) said he would oppose fixing any day for final adjournment until the Senate had finally considered the

Anti-Option bill.

Mr. McMillin said he thought Congress should get away as soon as possible and hoped the members would vote for the reso-

Mr. Outhwaite (Dem., Ohio) said there was on important appropriation bill pendan ing containing an obnoxious amendment appropriating \$5,000,000 for the World's Fair. It had been said that the Sundry Civil bill would be defeated if this appropriation was not made. He had no sympathy with that sort of talk, but as it was manufactly propossible to get through by manifestly impossible to get through by Saturday, he hoped the resolution would be amended and August 1st inserted as the

Mr. Enloe (Dem., Tenn.) thought Con-gress should not adjourn without first disposing of the resolution respecting the dismissal of Commissioner Raum.

Mr. Cummings (Dem., N. Y.) moved to make the date Monday, August 1st.

Mr. McMillin then demanded the previous

question. Ordered—153 to 19.

The vote on the motion of Mr. Cummings resulted—ayes, 65; noes, 110. The filibustering tactics of yesterday were then resumed, this time under the leadership of Mr. Cummings (N. Y.), who succeeded Mr. Outhwaite. They were constituted in the constitution of the constitution o

tinued with slight interruptions until 4 o'clock, when the House adjourned.

At one stage of the proceedings Mr. At one stage of the proceedings air.
Wheeler (Dem., Ala.) who had been trying
all day to reply to Mr. Watson's remarks of
yesterday, arose and said the gentleman
from Mississippi (Mr. Lewis) had not answered to his name, and he moved that he

Mr. Wheeler then claimed the right of de-The Chair, Mr. Dockery (Dem., Mo.), said debate was not permissible.

Mr. Wheeler then appealed from the de-

rision of the Chair.

The Chair stated that he would not enter-

Mr. Reed (Rep., Me.), with an expression of great astonishment, rushed down the aisle and fairly gasped: "Do I understand the Chair that it refuses to entertain an ap-

You do," responded the Speaker pro

Representative Henderson, of Iowa:
"Hurran for the Czar?" [Laughter.]
The Chair subsequently entertained the appeal, which the House rejected.
The motion to excuse Mr. Lewis was

TO SET MARONE OUT OF THE WAY! It is Probable That He Will Be Made a

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 28 .- [Special.]-There is a scheme afoot to convert the appointment of a permanent receiver for the Richmond Terminal into permanent benefit or the Republican party in Virginia. none is anxious to be appointed receiver. He is financially embarrassed, and the \$25,-000 per year would be a God-send to him. If he can get the appointment he is willing

to retire from politics and again devote him-self to railroad wrecking.

Ex-Congressman Bowden and other lead-ing Republicans of Virginia, who have tried various other methods of getting rid of Mahone, all to no purpose, have com-bined in a movement to urge the appoint-ment upon Judge Bond. It is understood that Judge Bond is to be apprised of the polities in the matter before he shall fornally make the appointment on the 16th of

next month.

The persons most deeply interested in the Richmond and Danville are opposed to Mahone's appointment, but courts have yielded to political considerations and there is some apprehension that it might occur again. The argument of the Republicans who are seeking to push Mahone upon the Richmond Terminal is that if they can get rid of him they can unite the Republicans f Virginia and carry the State.

The present administration is employ-

ing its power wherever a chance offers to aid Harrison's canvass, and a tip to Judge Bond might be potent.

Victim of the Excessive Heat-

PHILADELPHIA, July 28.—Rev. John J. Deehan, a Catholic priest from Parkersburg, W. Va., died at the Pennsylvania Hospital this morning under peculiar circumstances. He arrived here last night, intending to visit relatives, and went to a lodging-house, where he engaged a room, and shortly afterwards the inmates of the house were alarmed by stertorous breathing from his room. An entrance was effected and the priest was found naconscious. Early this morning he was removed to the hospital, where he failed to regain consciousness. His death is attributed to the excessive heat.

Washington, D. C., July 28.—All the executive departments closed again to-day

at 2 o'clock on account of the continuance of the excessive hot weather. INDIANAPOLIS, IND., July 28.—Judge Milton S. Robinson, of the State appellate

Milton S. Robinson, of the State appellate court, died this morning at his home in Anderson, from the effects of sunstroke received Tuesday. He was sixty years of age and was recently nominated by the Republicans to succeed himself on the bench. This is the second vacancy by death in the appellate court this month. Judge New having committed suicide three weeks ago. Two judges of the supreme court have also died within two years.

Fatal Bolter Explosion.

Paris. Texas, July 28 .- A fearful boiler explosion took place at a saw-mill belonging to short & Pickering, near Stanley, Indian Territory, seventy-five miles north of here yesterday, by which two men were killed outright and four others badly injured, two of whom are expected to die at any moment. The engineer, Lewis Hardin, was torn almost to fragments by the lumber. The injured men's names are: John Bern, John Roller, Edward Potter and Joseph

Severe Hail and Wind-Storm NORTHFIELD, MINN., July 28.—Yesterday a terrible hail and wind-storm swept over the town of Farmington, twelve miles north of here, and an area of country twenty miles east and west by two miles north and south Halistones as large as hens' eggs fell, cov ering the ground six inches deep. The loss to crops is absolute, corp. wheat and cats being cut down. A liberal estimate will place the acreage absolutely destroyed at 10,000 and the loss at \$200,000.

Opened to Settlement,

San Francisco, July 28.—The 750,000 acres of land forfeited to the Southern Pacific Railroad Company were opened to settlement yesterday. Many entries were made here and others were filed at Hollister. The most of the latter were by old settlers. The claims will be made up and settled within six meaths.

NON-UNION MEN RIOT.

CHARGE THE CARNEGIE COMPANY

With Inveigling Them to Homestead. O'Donnell's Mysterious Departure-Efforts Toward Reconciliation.

PITTREURG, PA., July 28 .- A riot occurred this morning on a Baltimore and Ohio train, on which a party of non-union men were being transported from Cincinnati to Pittsburg to work in the Carnegie Steel Works at Homestead. In the meles one man was stabbed in the forehead with a bayonet in the hands of an armed guard. Another had a thumb chewed off, and nearly a score of others were badly bruised in an attempt to regain their liberty. When the train reached Pittsburg only twenty-one men were aboard in addition to the armed guard. the other thirty-five having escaped from the car. When they left Cincinnati the men did not know that they were being taken to the Homestead mills and when they found it out they rebelled. That is how the riot had its inception.

WHAT ONE OF THE MEN SAYS. Joseph Manning is the name of a young man who will make affidavit to these facts. Manning is a resident of Cincinnati and is about twenty years of age. He is a printer's apprentice, and until last Tuesday was employed on the Enquirer. He said: "On last Thursday I answered an advertisement in Intriday I answered an advertisement in the Enquirer, offering employment at easy labor and good wages. I called at the office of F. W. Nye, 110 Longworth street, and was offered work at Pittsburg. Nye said it was easy work and that I would be paid seventeen cents an hour and get my first month's board free, and would have three months in which to pay back my car fare. No months in which to pay back my car fare. No mention was made of Homestead. Yesterday with fifty-five others I started to Pitzeburg. There were seven puddlers and a number of steel workers from Covington and Newport, Ky. in the party, and they, too, sup-posed they were to get work in Pittsburg. After leaving Cincinnati all the doors were ocked and windows fastened down and we were not allowed to open them. Early this morning we were surprised to find both doors of our oar guarded by a watchman with a gun on his shoulder. We then became suspicious and some of the puddlers sized up the situation, and, approaching one of the guard, asked: Where are we going to work?" 'At Homstead,' was the

DEMANDED TO BE RELEASED. The puddlers gathered around the guard and demanded that the doors be unlocked and that they be allowed to leave the car. The guard refused to let them pass and then the puddlers jumped on him. Then there was a terrible scene. Every man in the car jumped from his seat, some making for the doors, others tried to break through the windows and some got into a fight. The the windows and some got into a fight. The guard struck one of the puddlers with the bayonet of his gun and out a long gash across his forehead. In their frantic efforts to get out of the car the men got into a fight among themselves and for about haif an hour there was a perfect reign of terror, and many heads and noses were broken. At Whitehall the guard was thrown from his position and the door was burst open. The men commenced to jump of, and they kept dropping off all the jump of, and they kept dropping off all the way to the city and escaped. The other men, I suppose, went on to Homestead. The guards made no attempt to shoot, but used their guns as clubs. Several of the men were severely injured, one losing a thumb. I do not think that a man on the car knew that we were destined to Home-stead, for when that place was mentioned

The above statements will probably be used in legal proceedings to prevent the transportation of the men under similar cir-

MORE MEDDLING AT HOMESTEAD,

Rev. Mrs. Amanda Dayo, an Universalist minister, of Scranton, is in Pittsburg to represent the Universal Peace Union in an attempt to settle the Homestead strike Her work here is jointly with Rev. J. L. Andrews, an Universalist minister of Allegheny. Yesterday the two called on Sec-retary Lovejoy, of the Carnegie Company, explained their mission and gave him a list of rules employed in the settlement of the diffioulty between the Reading railroad and its employes, saying they would pertinently fit the trouble. The rules are called the "Bill of Rights," Mr. Lovejoy told Rev. Mrs. Dayo that he had nothing to arbitrate. Afterward the lady went to Homestead and was courteously received by Hugh O'Donnell, who told her he wanted the fight ended and was in favor of a conference. sk the aid of Bishop Phelan and the Protestant clergy.

SUGGESTION OF ABBITRATION.

Conference committees of the American Iron Manufacturers and the Amalgamated Iron Manufacturers and the Amalgamated Association spent eight and a half hours in conference last night. The meeting was rendered remarkable by the suggestion of arbitration as a means to bring the two wings together. The proposition came from the manufacturers' side, and in the form that the men should return to work at last year's scale, pending an adjustment of the new scale by a board of arbitrators.

The workers' committee discussed it for over half anyhour. No definite reply was

over half an hour. No definite reply was returned, and no determination had been arrived at when the meeting adjourned, Arbitration as a method of settling the disputes between the iron manufacturers and the Amalgaptated Association has never yet been resorted to and much interest will attach to what action the workers will take on the question. The Association has always pooh-poohed suggestions of arbitrating its affairs, on the principle that it was very competent to manage them with-out outside intervention.

LOOKING FOR ANARCHISTS.

The police have set a gigantic drag net over the environs of this city, and Inspector McKelvey is slowly pulling the trap strings to scoop in every foreigner of anarchistic proclivities within a circuit of ten miles. Detectives are keeping a surveillance on more than a dozen red leaders who have heretofore been loudest in their talk nave heretoore been founded in their tax against law and order. The detectives are working for further information as to who made the dynamite bombs, the material for which was found in the possession of Henry Bauer, the anarchists press agent. Facts are hard to secure. Of the many letters concerning the plot which Bauer is known to have received in the past month not one is in existence. In nearly every instance the Anarchists have cleverly covered their tracks and destroyed compromising evidence of all sorts but their persons.

Paul Finsler and August Piruack, the

men arrested yesterday afternoon as sus-picious characters because they inquired as to what cell Bauer, the Anarchist, occupied, were discharged. There was not the slightest indication that they were in any way connected directly with Bauer. They were Germans, and thought they would be permitted to see Bauer that they might collect some money he owed them.

TO PRESENT A NEW SCALE.

The Carnegie Company intend to present a new scale to the Beaver Falls and burg men within a few days. They will pay Amalgamated prices, but will only treat with the men as individuals. The Associa-tion will not be recognized. The agreement will extend to January 1, 1894.

Over ten thousand iron workers in Pitts.

burg are affected by the scale troubles, but it is believed that many of the mills will re-sume operations shortly, as a number of them have been repaired and are ready to begin operations as soon as the scale is signed. ANOTHER FRUITLESS CONFERENCE.

meet again next Tuesday. The man-nfacturers are becoming restless, and the report was received from a reliable source this evening that Jones & Laughin's men have been quietly informed that unless a conclusion is soon reached their mill would be started up with non-union men. A member of the firm when seen to-day, not only made no attempt to deny the story, but intimated broadly that

it was true.

Jones & Laughlin have been considered the chief union firm in Pittsburg. They are said to be not alone in the talk of the move to non-unionize Pittsburg mills. If this firm did so successfully there is little question that other firms would fall over each other in their hasto to follow the ex-

The plan of arbitration suggested at year The plan of arbitration suggested at your day's conference was brought up, but with no more result than on the preceding day. President Weihe, of the Amalgamated Association, denies that a plan of arbitration the scale was discovered by the scale was dis was suggested. He says the scale was dis-cussed generally, but nothing definite done. However, the manufacturers declare that did submit the matter to the men and that they flatly refused to consider it.

MORE TROOPS LEAVE HOMESTRAD. HOMESTRAD, PA., July 28.—More troops left Homestead for home to-day. The Fourth regiment, four companies of the Tonth and Battery "C" departed this morning, while the Twelfth, Eighth and Ninth left later in the day. Colonel Greene was releved from duty as provest marshall this morning by Lieutenant Colonel Mich-

O'DONNELL'S MYSTERIOUS DISAPPEARANCE. HOMESTERD, PA., July 29.—The departure of Hugh O'Donneil from Homestead last night, without telling anybody in town where he was going, has excited some comwhere he was going, has excited some comment, and repetition is heard of the story that he has "skipped" so prevalent during his recent mysterious visit to New York. O Donnell went to Pittsburg last night on the 7:12 train. He had no baggage with him. It was understood that O Donnell had gone to Pittsburg for the evening while the advisory committee discussed the allegation that he offered unconditional surrender to the Carnegie Company. His failure to return excited the apprehensions of some over-suspicious people, and the of some over-suspicious people, and the story spread that O'Donnell had fled to avoid disgrace on account of his alleged double-dealing. But there was no reason avoid disgrace on account of his areged double-dealing. But there was no reason for O'Donnell to feel apprehension, for the advisory committee took his explanation for granted, and did not consider the case. Mrs. O'Donnell says her husband is absent on private business, but she doesn't know

NON-UNION MEN BEMAIN.

An attempt to conquer the non-union workmen in the mill and incite them to leave the works has resulted in failure. A few days ago some Anarchistic literature few days ago some Anarchistic literature was found among the workmen, and an investigation resulted in the discovery that three disciples of Anarchy were inside the big fence in the guise of mill workers. These men had been talking among the mill hands, but had apparently made no converts. They were dismissed from the employ of the company. A United Press reporter was taken through the Homestead mill to-day by Superintendent Potter. He saw between 250 and 300 men at work in the various departments. dent Potter. He saw between 250 and 300 men at work in the various departments. Mr. Potter said that seven hundred men were inside the works. They worked, he said in two turns, and only the day force was on duty at the time. The workment appeared to be a very intelligent class, with few foreigners among them, but Superintendent Potter stated some more Hungarians would be brought in to do a class of work that American workmen refused to do. A number of the men are Germans, but a number of the men are Germans, but a majority of the men are Americans. A visit to the kitchen, bath-house, laundry and dormitories showed that the state-ments by some of the non-union men who left the mills were exaggerated if not entirely with at foundation. The dormitories or bunk-houses, as they are called, are clean and neat, the kitchen was a model of it-kind and the other arrangements for the nfort of the workmen were complete h every convenience. The store-houses with every convenience. The store-houwere filled with superior articles of diet.

STREL MADE IN THE MILLS, Mr. Potter said that the men were boarded and lodged free, and that a laundry had been established and was also at their dis-Three bunk-houses, comfort able and neat in their appearance, have been built and will be ready for occupancy in twenty-four hours. Besides these a commodations cool spots about the works are used as sleeping places. There can be no doubt that steel is being made in the mills. The work is principally on armor plate, while some bridge iron and boit iron is being turned out. The reporter saw six pleces of the larger plate seek of ten tons made steel armor plate, each of ten tons, made yesterday in the armor plate rolling mill yesterday in the armor plate rolling mill. Three furnaces are being operated in open-hearth mill No. 2, and one set of rolls is being operated in the armor rolling mill. The press shop and the armor plate machine shop are also in operation. Open hearth mill No. 1 is idle, and will not be run until it had been removated. These observations would appreciate contradict the statements made by parently contradict the statements made by men who have left the mills.

Mr. Potter said ten or fifteen non-union men had been discharged for incompe-tency and some of these had, he thought, started the stories of dissatisfaction among

CRIEF OF POLICE ABRESTED.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., July 28,—Captain James Layton, chief of the Long Branch police, was arrested last night for allowing Chief of Police O'Mera, of Pittsburg to take the alleged Anarchist Mollick out of the State without a requisition. He was arraigned to-day and a hearing of the case set down for Angust 2d. Layton was ar-rested at the instance of Lawyer Fay of Long Branch. It is said that the offense is punishable by a term of imprisonment and a fine of \$10,000. Chief Justice Beasley is reported to have said that both O'Mera and Layton violated the law in taking Moilick

out of the State.

PHILADELPHIA, July 28.—Frank Mollick, the Long Branch hatter, accused of being an accomplice of Bergman, the Anarchist, who shot H. C. Frick at Fittsburg, spent last night at the City Hall. Mollick was rought to the city late yesterday afternoon by Chief O'Mera, of the Pittsburg police, who took charge of his prisoner at his Long Branch home. Mollick remained until noon o-day, when Chief O'Mera took him West on the limited express for Pittsburg.

BUSY ENGAGING WORRMEN. St. Louis, July 23.—An agent of the Carnegie Company is actively at work in this city engaging workmen for the mills at Homestead, Many employes of the Vulcan and Jupiter Iron and Steel Works, which have been idle for some time, have been en gaged for the Carnegie Works. It is stated that 115 men have been sent to Pittsburg on

Depew Carries a Peace Proposition. New York, July 28.—It is stated that Chauncey M. Depew, who sailed yesterday

free transportation during the past week

for England, took with him a proposition from the locked-out Homestead men to Carnegie. The proposition for a cessation of the troubles is said to provide that the workmen will give up everything for which they have contended, will sign the reduced scale agreement to expire in December in-stead of June, provided the Amalgamated Association is recognized as an Association.

Mr. Frick Continues to Improve Pritsheno, Pa., July 29.—Late this afternoon H. C. Frick's physicians report the millionaire iron king's candition much im-proved. Mr. Frick has slept a great deal during the afternoon, and the rest thus obtained has decidedly strengthened him. His temperature, pulse and respiration are normal, and the doctors say the improve-ment is very satisfactory considering the

Prittsnum, Pa., July 28.—The wage committee of the Amalgamated Association and the manufacturers held another fruitiess conference this afternoon and adjourned to loit College.

The death is announced of Rev. Dr. A. L. Chapin, of Beloit, Wis., aged seventy-five. He was at one time president of Beloit College.

NANCY HANKS' FAILURE

edimes.

TO BEAT THE TRACK'S RECORD.

The Phillies Now Lend in the League Championahip-Brooklyn and Boston Beaten-The Ennning Races.

CLEVELAND, O., July 28, 1892.

beat the record on



failure, trotting the mile in only 2:13. In an effort to beat the team record of 2:13. an effort to best the team record of 2:18. Globe and Belle Hamiin went a mile in 2:13%. The 2:17 class trotting was the race of the afternoon and one of the best in the meeting. Had Honest George dropped another heat it is probable that he would not have won the race, and the money was going in the boxes strong on a combination to defeat him, but the scheme fell through. The 2:19 pace was an easy thing for Flying Jib after the first heat, and Belle Vara had no trouble in winning the 2:23 trot. The first heat ble in winning the 2:23 trot. The first heat trotted was that of the unfinished 2:27 race of the day before, and the Raven won and left a number of sore hearts and empty pocket-books. Summaries:

the Cleveland track, but made an inglorious

pocket-books. Summaries:

Two-twenty-seven class, trotting, purse \$2,000—The Raven 1, 2, 3, 3, 2, 1, 1; Magnolia 8, 6, 2, 1, 2, 2; H. C. T. 2, 1, 1, 2, 3, 3, 3; Stanza 3, 4, 5, 4, 5, ro.; Jeff. Davis 6, 5, 4, 5, 4, ro.; May Hill 5, 3, 6, dis.; Ben Wallace 4, 7, dr.; Yankee H. 9, 8, dis.; Ben Wallace 4, 7, dr.; Yankee H. 9, 8, dis.; Dauntless 1, 7, dis. Time 2:23½, 2:21½, 2:20½, 2:20½, 2:23½, 2:23½, 2:23½, 2:20½, 2:20½, 2:20½, 2:23½, 2:23½, 2:23½, 2:20; 2:16, 2:15½, 2:1

2,000—Belle Vara, I, I, I: Paragon, 2, 2; Commercial Girl, 3, 3, 5; Virginia Evans, 5, 6, 3; Excellence, 7, 4, 4; Romona, 4, 7, 7; Monroe Wilkes, 6, 5, 6. Time, 2:17)4, 2:18)4,

Two-seventeen class, trotting, purse \$2,000 Two-severteen class, trotting, parse 2,000 Honest George 1, 9, 1, 1; Hazel Wilkes 7, 1, 4, 8; Abbie V. 9, 4, 8, 2; Little Albert 8, 8, 2, 5; Sadie M. 4, 3, 10, 4; Minnie Wilkes 3, 5, 8, 8; Walter E. 10, 10, 5, 5; Lake Wood Prince 6, 6, 6, 7; J. B. Richardson 6, 7, 7, 6; Sprage Gold Dust 2, 2, 9 dr. Time, 2:16%, 2:16)%, 2:15)%, 2:15)%, Against time—Nancy Hanks, 2:13; Belle Hamlin and Globe, 2:13)%.

THE RUNNING RACES.

The Winners at Long Branch, Gloucester, Chicago and Other Places.

GLOUCESTEE, N. J., July 28.-To-day's races resulted as follows: First race, one mile-Insight first, Pelham

second, Parkridge third. Time, 1:44%. Second race, four and a half furlongs— Devisee first, Emma Mac second, Gladness

Devisee first, Emma and state third. Time, 57%.

Third race, four and a half furlongs—Race Ray first, Annie E. second, Arizona third. Time, 55%.

Fourth race, six and a quarter fulongs—Tom Tough first, Delusion second, Blackburn third. Time, 1:20%.

Fith race, five furlongs—Detroit first, Fith race, five furlongs—Detroit first, Arthur Davis second, False Bothird. Time,

Sixth race, six and a half furlongs—Regina first, Sierra Nevada second, Bela third. Time, 1:26%.

AT MONMOUTH PARK. Long Branch, N. J., July 28,-To-day's races at Monmouth Park resulted as fol-First race, one mile-Hapenny first, May Win second, Tenny third. Time, 1:41%. Second race, the Holywood handleap for three-year-olds, six furlongs—Lustre first, Katie A. second, Miss Maud third. Time,

Third race, the Newark stakes for three-year-olds, one mile—Adelbert first, Leona-well second, Merry Monarch third. Time,

Fourth race, nine furlongs—Tenny first, Longbeach second. (Two starters.) Time,

Fifth race, five furlongs-Doctor first, Rebecca Rowlett (colt) second, Life Boat third, Time, 191%. Sixth race, six furlongs—Nomad first, Entre second, Lorimer third, Time, 1:18.

GARFIELD PARE. CHICAGO, July 28. - The results at Garfield

Park to-day were: First race, maiden two-year-olds, five and a half furlongs-Betty Badger first, Matilda

second, Antrim third. Time, 1:00%.
Second race, selling, nine furlongs—Bore first, Fakir second, Kenwood third. Third race, eight furlongs-Tom Murphy first. Top Gallant second, Strathmaid third.

Time, 1:1852.
Fourth race, selling, six furlongs—Zantippal first, Fauntieroy second, My Partner third. Time, 1:1554.
Fifth race, six furlongs—Bolster first, Tom Johnson second, Hero third, Time,

AT HAWTHORNE. Curcago, July 28.—The Hawthorne track results to-day are as follows: First race, two-year-olds, five furlongs— Spellbound first, Miss Spot second, Dutch-Oven third. Time, 1:04%. Second race, selling, six furlongs—Horace

Leland first, Highwayman second, Well Used third. Time, 117, Third race, selling, nine and a half fur-longs—Sunnybrook first, Hueneme second, Insolence third. Time, 2:06.

Fourth race, seven furlongs—Bonnie B. first, Hedroot second, Elliso third. Time,

Fifth race, seiling, six furlongs—Burt Jordan first, Fannie S. second, Annie Race third. Time, 1:1734.

THE PHILLIES IN THE LEAD, The Brooklyns and Bostons Beaten-The

Other Games. At Boston: At Bostons 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 -2 11 2 Bostons 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1-3 5 1 Batteries: Staley and Kelly; Dwyer and

and Zimmer. Umpire, Emslie, At New York:

At New York:

New Yorks. . . . 1 0 0 1 1 2 1 0 1— 7 14 0
Louisvilles. . . . 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 — 0 2 4
Entteries: Rusie and Doyle; Saunders and At Philadelphia:

hiladelphias. 0 0 3 3 1 4 1 0 x-12 St. Louis...... 20000000 x - 2 5 2

Batteries: Vickery and Robinson; Hawkes and Moran. Umpire, McQuade. At Washington: B. Washingtons. 0 0 3 0 0 1 0 0 0 4

Chicagos 10003011x-695 Batteries: Abbey and McGuire; Gumbert and Schriver. Umpire, Snyder. HOW THE CLUBS STAND. Won, Lost Av. Won.
Phila ... 9 3 .750 Washi g'n 6
Brook'la .. 8 4 .667 Chicago .. 6
New York 7 4 .635 Chicago .. 6
Cleveland .7 5 .583 Phisburg 4
Boston ... 6 6 .500 Louis'lle 8
Balstm'ra 8 6 .500 St. Louis . 8 .500 .500 .500 .364 .850

HELD FOR MURDER.

Judge Magee Refuses to Release One of the Striking Rioters.

PITTSBURG, PA., July 28.-At 9:45 this morning Judge Magee had before him a dozen attorneys and about fifty spectators in the hearing for the release on bail of Sylvester Critchlow and James Close, the Homestead strikers charged by the Carnegie Steel Company with murder. Three Pinkerton detectives sat in the audience.

J. N. Dixon, a plateworker in the Homestead mill, and H. H. Hovey, assistant paymenter testified to having sease Critchlow.

muster, testified to having seen Critchlow on the morning of the battle with a gun over his shoulder going toward the Pinker-

over his shoulder going toward the Pinkerton barges.

Samuel Stewart, clerk in the Homestead office, who furnished his company the names of all strikers who carried guns on that day, said he saw Critchlow with a gun in the morning and at 4 o'clock he saw him behind the strikers' barricade lying on his face, peeping through a port hole. Stewart saw him aim, press the trigger and fire and saw the smoke from his gun. Critchlow's lawyers tried to break this testimony, but Judge Magee interposed, saying: "Here we have direct testimony of a man aiming and firing a gun, and of the death of a man. This case is different from O'Donnell's. The latter's association with the rioters was for the purpose of preserving peace.

for the purpose of preserving peace.

Captain Cooper, a Pinkerton detective, testified that Conners was shot at 11 o'clock.

testified that Conners was shot at 11 o'clock. Attorney Brennen then demanded the release of Critchlow.

Judge Mages decided otherwise. He said: "I will refuse to accept bail and hold the prisoner for murder in the first degree."

An awful pallor overspread Critchlow's face at these words. He trembled violently. He had firmly expected he would be released as was O'Donnell and the others.

James Close was admitted to \$10,000 bail, the prosecution not objecting in his case, nor were any witnesses produced.

ELLIS ISLAND INVESTIGATION.

The House Committee's Report Scores the Federal Authorities.

Washington, D. C., July 28.-Representative Stump, of Maryland, from the Committee on Immigration and Naturalization, submitted to the House to-day the report of the majority on the Ellis Island investigation conducted under a resolution of the House.

The report says:
"That there has been great waste of pub-"That there has been great waste of public money in the construction of improvements on Ellis island. That all the buildings, except two hospitals, are badly constructed of inferior material and poor workmanship, and should not have been accepted by the Government in their present condition. That the expenditures by the officials of the Treasury Department of \$512,000 upon buildings and improvements, which by a careful estimate were to cost only \$250,000. careful estimate were to cost only \$250,000, which was the sum appropriated by Congress, is without precedent and inexcus-

The responsibility for all this is laid upon Assistant Secretary Nettleton, who had charge of the work.

The committee find that Superintendent

of Immigration Owen had nothing what-ever to do with the improvements on Ellis ever to do with the improvements on Ellis Island and is in no way responsible.

Representative Epes, of Virginia, submitted an independent report in which he states that he does not think that Secretary Foster or Assistant Secretary Nettleton should be held responsible for the condition of the improvements at Ellis Island. The blame, he thinks, should be placed on the shoulders of Mr. Owen, superintendent of immigration: Mr. Edbrook, supervising architect of the Treasury, and the superintendent of buildings at Ellis Island

Representative Wright presented the views of the minority, which were also signed by Representatives Functon and Ketcham. They commended Secretary Windom for transferring the control of immigration matters from State commissioners

COOL WAVE COMING.

Virginians May Expect to Breathe Freer

To-Night, Says the Prognosticator. WASHINGTON, D. C., July 28 .- The Weather Bureau furnishes the following special bulletin to the press: The cool wave reported last night and

this morning from the region between the Rocky Mountains and the Mississippi river, and which will probably advance over the Ohio valley and lake region to-morrow, marks the termination of a protracted period marks the termination of a protracted period of unusual heat which has prevailed over those districts except in the northern portions. Since Monday, the 18th instant, minimum temperatures of ninety degrees and above have occurred almost daily throughout this entire area, and from the 18th to the 24th the temperature rose every day to 100 degrees and above in Nebraska

and Kansas.

The high temperature is likely to continue throughout the Middle Atlantic States until to-morrow, with local showers in the evening: but cooler weather may be expected by Friday night. The cool wave this morning in the West and Northwest is accompanied by unprecedentedly low temperature for this be unprecented by low temperature for this season of the year, a minimum of 40 degrees being reported from Cheyenne, Wyo., and one of 30 degrees from Havre, Mont., which are respectively 4 degrees and 13 degrees lower than any previously recorded during the last decade of July.

M'CORKLE FOR GOVERNOR.

The Charleston Lawyer Nominated in a Hurry After Midnight.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., July 28 .- The State Democratic Convention was in session until an early hour this morning balloting for a

gubernatorial candidate.

Shortly after midnight a stampede began for Colonel W. A. McCorkle, of Charleston. and on the second ballot the counties be-gau to change their vote for him. In the midst of much cheering and enthusiasm a motion was made to make the nomination unanimous and it was done. McCorkie was sent for and accepted the nomination in a brief speech, after which the convention adjourned until 9 A. M.

Asking for King's Release.

Nasville, Tenn., July 28.—H. Clay King, the Memphis murderer, and his attorneys pleaded for the petition of habeas corpus before Judge Jackson in the United States Court here to-day. Sheriff McLendo, of Shelby county, appeared by Attorney-General Pickle for the State. The argument was based on the fact that the jury went into Attorneys. In his compion Judge Jack. into Arkansas. In his opinion Judge Jack-son held that King did not have a fair trial, and that the jury when it went into Arkan-sas was not a jury of Tennessee. Judge Jackson said he would decide whether to release King by to-morrow.

George K. Sistare Suicides.

NEW YORK, July 28 .- George K. Sistare, New York, July 28.—George R. Sistare, of the old firm of Sistare Bros., bankers of 18 Broad street, committed suicide at the Manhattan club, by shooting himself in the right temple with a revolver, to-day, Mr. Sistare was fifty years old. George R. Sistare's sons failed in May 1890, for nearly \$1,500,000. Since then there has been grave disclosures in record to the financial disclosures in regard to the methods of the members of the firm.

Gladstone's Majority Reduced. London, July 28.—The recount of the votes in Greenock gives the seat to the Unionist candidate. Sir T. Sutherland. The first count showed a majority for J. Bruce, Liberal. This reduces Gladstone's majority to 40.

Southern League Games, At Birmingham-Montgomery, 9; 1817-At Chattanooga-Chattanooga, 2: Mem-

At Atlanta—Atlanta, 3; Mobile, 2. At Macon—New Orleans, 3; Macon, 1